Lately, his temper seems short.
(Did he mention it when you checked his cholesterol level?)

An increase in irritability...a moment of dizziness now and then...a few gaps in his memory: The early warnings of cerebrovascular disease are often subtle, easy for the patient to dismiss.

But they are by no means uncommon.
You are most likely to detect them, of course, in the cardiac patient, the hypertensive, the diabetic...surprisingly often during their forties and fifties.
Detecting these warnings, however, may require careful questioning, sometimes of the family as well as the patient. You can't always trust the patient to speak of them spontaneously.

It pays to be suspicious. Early diagnosis of transient ischemia means more viable vascular muscle capable of responding to the direct spasmolytic and dilating action of Cyclospasmol...a better chance to protect and maintain adequate cerebral circulation.
Cyclospasmol has a smooth, gradual onset of action...chances for the desired result increase with continued use...it is notably free of adrenergic, cardiostimulant and other unwanted effects.

Before transient cerebral ischemia gives way to lasting damage

Cyclospasmol® (cyclandelate)
For long-term enhancement of cerebral blood flow
Cyclospasmol (cyclandelate)

ACTIONS: Cyclospasmol (cyclandelate) is an orally effective peripheral spasmolytic and vasodilator that acts directly on the vascular smooth musculature to produce a gradual and progressive relaxation that enhances the peripheral and cerebral blood flow. INDICATIONS: For adjunctive therapy in occlusive and vasospastic diseases of the vascular system associated with an impaired circulation, such as: intermittent claudication; arteriosclerosis obliterans; thrombophlebitis (to control associated vasospasm and muscular ischemia); nocturnal leg cramps; local frostbite; Raynaud’s phenomenon; as an aid to encourage healing of diabetic and trophic ulcers of the legs; and for selected cases of ischemic cerebral vascular disease. A faster response may be expected in conditions in which vasospasm is predominant in the pathological process. The drug is not intended to substitute for an adequate medical or surgical program in the treatment of peripheral or cerebral vascular disease. It is imperative that the patient continue to follow established therapy, e.g., foot care, discontinuance of smoking, etc., while taking Cyclospasmol. Since cerebrovascular disease is diagnosed most frequently only after destruction of nerve tissue, it cannot be expected that signs and symptoms arising from an interruption of neuronal function can be completely reversed by correcting the exciting cause. Nevertheless, restoration of blood flow towards more normal levels with cyclandelate may often produce marked relief from such signs and symptoms as head noises, ringing in the ears, a feeling of weakness, unsteadiness, mental confusion, temporary fluctuations in hearing acuity, poor memory and slurred speech. More important, the drug may provide prophylaxis against further circulatory embarrassment, particularly if the diminished circulation is associated with spasm of the vascular wall. CONTRAINDICATIONS: Cyclospasmol is contraindicated in cases of known hypersensitivity to the drug. WARNINGS: 1. Cyclandelate should be used with extreme caution in patients with severe obliterative coronary artery or cerebral vascular disease, since there is a possibility that these diseased areas may be compromised by vasodilatory effects of the drug elsewhere. 2. USE IN PREGNANCY: The safety of cyclandelate for use during pregnancy or lactation has not been established; therefore, it should not be used in pregnant women or in women of childbearing age unless, in the judgment of the physician, its use is deemed absolutely essential to the welfare of the patient. 3. Although no prolongation of bleeding time has been demonstrated in humans in therapeutic dosages, it has been demonstrated in animals at very large doses. Therefore, the hazard of a prolonged bleeding time should be carefully considered when administering cyclandelate to a patient with active bleeding or a bleeding tendency. PRECAUTIONS: Since Cyclospasmol is a vasodilator, it should be used with caution in patients having glaucoma. Consult direction circular before prescribing. ADVERSE REACTIONS: Gastrointestinal distress (pyrosis, pain and eructation) may occur with Cyclospasmol. These symptoms occur infrequently and are usually mild. Relief can often be obtained by taking the medication with meals or by the concomitant use of antacids. Mild flush, headache, feeling of weakness or tachycardia may occur, especially during the first weeks of administration. SUPPLIED: 200 mg. blue capsules in bottles of 100 and 500; 100 mg. orange tablets in bottles of 100 and 500.

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